INDEPENDENT PHARMACY & MANAGED CARE

Sarkis Kavarian, PharmD Candidate '15 Preceptor Dr. Craig Stern Pro Pharma Pharmaceutical Consultants, Inc. May 8th, 2015



Objectives

- Introduction to My Parents' Pharmacy
- Overview: Short-Term Goals vs Long-Term Goals
- Short-Term Goals:
 - Current State of Affairs
 - Areas for Improvement
 - How to Help the Patient Save Money?
- Long-Term Goals:
 - General Perspective & Approach
 - Process & Clinical Interventions
 - Logistics of Integration into a Managed Care Network
- □ Summary



A Short Introduction: My Parents' Pharmacy

- Small, independent pharmacy
- Family-oriented, caring, compassionate service
- Located in a clinic predominated by multisubspecialty healthcare practitioners (e.g. familymedicine physicians, pediatricians, a psychiatrist, a cardiologist, etc.)
- □ About half of our clientele is Armenian



Overview: Plan of Action

Short-Term Goals

- Continue "business-as-usual"
- Expand practice to other interventions

Long-Term Goals

- Integration into a managed care network
- Focus on utilization instead of individual prescriptions



Short-Term Goals: The Status Quo

- Continue the tradition of excellent customer service and personalized care
- We are personally familiar with all of our customers and the medications that they take.
- Do not focus on individual prescription sold; rather focus on the total number sold
- Trust is Key!



Short-Term Goals: Areas for Improvement

- Begin offering new services
 - Vaccinations
 - Compounding (non-sterile)



- Specialty Oral Medications (be on the lookout)
- □ System and Workflow
 - Create a more integrated system
 - Technicians perform typing and filling of prescription
 - Pharmacist performs:
 - Final Check
 - Medication Therapy Management (*more details ahead)



Short-Term Goals: Helping the Patient Save Money

- Ensure the patient's medication is on the Formulary
 - Contact physician personally and substitute to generic formulary medication
- Ensure the appropriate Step 1 medication was tried prior to the Step 2 medication if on Step Protocol
 - Contact physician to switch to Step 1 medication, or request that physician submit appropriate **documentation** to request for Step 2 drug
- Ensure physician submitted **Prior Authorization** if a prescription medication requires it
- Ensure patient receives the appropriate medication in the appropriate class



Long-Term Goals: Perspectives for the Future

- Independent Pharmacies need to focus on the **big**picture
- □ Do not focus on individual prescriptions.
- The goal is to become integrated into an ACO or Medical Home.
- \Box Affordable Care Act (ACA): FFS \rightarrow Capitation

Independent Pharmacies will be reimbursed based on a PMPM model and how well they manage/reduce utilization and avoid unnecessary costs (rather than being paid per Rx)



Long-Term Goals: Implications of Practicing in Managed Care

What?

Responsible for a certain number of patients, for which you will be receiving a fixed payment per patient per month (PMPM)

Do not want to overspend on resources

Goals

- Provide the most optimal clinical benefit...
- □ With the lowest acceptable **risk...**
- At the most affordable **price** (to the patient and to you)



Long-Term Goals: Approach to Managed Care - Categorization

- Categorize patients based on their severity of illness, and approach each category differently
 - Extremely Sick/Comorbid
 - Sick/Chronic
 - Healthy
- Different methods to categorize patients
 - Medication Profile Reviews
 - Target Drug List
 - Patient Surveys/Questionnaires



Long-Term Goals: Approach to Managed Care – Intervention

- After categorization of patients, you may begin to treat them accordingly
- □ Focus on **High Risk** patients especially
- Interventions
 - Process
 - Clinical





Long-Term Goals: Approach to Managed Care – Process Intervention

- Compliance
- Call patient to make sure he has picked up his medications
- □ Follow up on Refills / **Refill Request** for Physician
- Refills Too Soon? Is the patient taking his medications appropriately?
- Understanding of how to take medications. Repeat counseling and have them repeat directions back to you
- Pharmacist-Patient Treatment Contracts



Long-Term Goals: Approach to Managed Care – Clinical Intervention

- Preventative Care
 - Immunizations
- Medication Reconciliation
 - High Risk Patients
 - Transitional Care
- □ Screening Services
 - Blood Pressure (Hypertension)
 - Glucose (Diabetes)





Long-Term Goals: Medication Therapy Management (MTM) - Definition

- A time-sensitive, highly interpersonal interaction between pharmacist and patient
- A big-picture management of a patient's overall drug regimen
 - Drug-drug interactions (Rx and OTC medications)
 - Patient demographics age and gender
 - Health history
 - Level of compliance



Long-Term Goals: MTM – Outcomes

- Pharmacist may consult with other healthcare practitioners and even insurance companies
 - A drug may be removed from a patient's medication regimen if deemed unnecessary
 - Adjustments to drugs and/or dosages if potential drug interaction is identified
 - \square Brand \rightarrow Generic
 - $\square Rx \rightarrow OTC$
 - Lifestyle Interventions (e.g. diet, exercise, weight-loss, etc.)



Long-Term Goals: MTM – Implications

□ Implications:

Pharmacists will help the patient and the healthcare system save money.

- Reduction of adverse reactions or side effects → reduction in ER visits, physician office visits, etc.
- Reduction in patients' out-of-pocket costs by delaying their entry into the Donut Hole



Long-Term Goals: MTM – Reimbursement

- The American Medical Association (AMA) provides 3 billing codes that pharmacists may use for face-toface consultations
- Under ACA, Medicare will be required to pay for these services for eligible patients
- □ The Hope
 - Private insurers will adopt Medicare's reimbursement models
 - Some patients will choose to pay out-of-pocket for these services for the benefit they provide



Long-Term Goals: Opportunities for Integration

- Some Questions
 - Where can I find opportunities for integrating into a managed care setting?
 - **How** do you join an ACO or Medical Home?
- Opportunities
 - Physicians in the Clinic
 - Skilled Nursing Facilities & Assisted Living Facilities
 - Emergency Department
 - Search for potential ACO's or Medical Homes to join



Long-Term Goals: Integration into Collaborative Practice Agreements

- Collaborative Practice Agreements (CPAs)
- Allow a licensed provider to refer patients to a pharmacist and delegate the delivery of clinical services under the provider's supervision
- Disease management via a protocol established and allowed by the physician to monitor and modify pharmacotherapy
- Provide lifestyle counseling for chronic illness



Long-Term Goals: Logistics of Integration

- A separate, private room with a waiting/seating area within the pharmacy for private consultations, MTM services, vaccinations, and health screenings
- Self query/questionnaire to be filled out by patient prior to each session in the waiting area
- Specific set of hours (also "prn basis") devoted each day for scheduling appointments and following-up on Prior Authorizations, "Brand-to-Generic" Switches, etc.
- Appointments
 - High-Risk Patients: bi-weekly to monthly
 - Moderate-Risk Patients: monthly
 - Low-Risk Patients: bi-monthly
- Weekly meetings with physicians and other healthcare providers to assess status of patients' therapy



Summary

- Having a short-term and a long-term plan is important.
- The short-term plan includes continuing to offer the same type of personalized and compassionate service while offering new interventions like vaccinations and screening services.
- The long-term plan involves integration into a managed care network, where the independent pharmacy must focus on utilization management.
- Having a process and clinical intervention in place is important in ensuring that the best clinical benefit is offered, with the lowest risk, at the best affordable price.
- The goal is to save the healthcare system money and treat disease in the most clinically-efficacious way possible.



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Thank you for your Attention!

Any Questions?



