

340B DRUG PRICING PROGRAM

Lindsey Imada, PharmD Candidate 2016 Midwestern University, Chicago College of Pharmacy

> Pro Pharma Pharmaceutical Consultants, Inc. Under the preceptorship of Dr. Craig Stern September 4, 2015

INTRODUCTION

The 340B Drug Pricing Program is a U.S. Federal government program that requires manufacturers to provide outpatient drugs at significantly reduced prices to underserved or vulnerable populations.

Objectives

- Background/intent of the program
- > The process/eligible entities
- Current issues



340B PROGRAM

- Established in 1992 as part of the Public Health Service Act (PHSA)
- Administered by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)

http://www.hrsa.gov/opa/



INTENT OF THE PROGRAM

> Stretch scarce federal resources

> *Reach* more eligible patients

Provide more comprehensive services



THE PROCESS

MANUFACTURERS

COVERED ENTITIES

CONTRACT PHARMACIES

ELIGIBLE PATIENTS



MANUFACTURERS

Participation *required* as a condition for Medicaid reimbursement

> 20-50% discounts to covered health care organizations for certain outpatient drugs



ELIGIBLE DRUGS

> Limited to **outpatient** use only > Includes: **FDA-**approved prescription drugs • Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs - Must be written on a prescription □ Biological products that can be dispensed only by a prescription (other than vaccines) □ FDA-approved insulin



THE PROCESS

MANUFACTURERS

COVERED ENTITIES

CONTRACT PHARMACIES

ELIGIBLE PATIENTS



Nonprofit health care organizations including clinics that receive Federal grants or certain types of hospitals

Federal Grantees

- Federally Qualified Health Centers/Look-Alikes
- Native Hawaiian Health Centers
- Tribal/Urban Indian Health Centers
- Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program
- Black Lung Clinics
- Comprehensive Hemophilia Diagnostic Treatment Centers

The second

- Title X Family Planning Clinics
- Sexually Transmitted Disease Clinics
- Tuberculosis Clinics

Eligible hospitals, with the exception of CAHs, must meet a minimum disproportionate share adjustment percentage

Medicare/Supplemental Security Income Days		Medicaid, Non-Medicare Days
	+	
Total Medicare Days		Total Patient Days

Hospitals

- Disproportionate Share Hospitals
- Children's Hospitals
- Critical Access Hospitals
- Free Standing Cancer Hospitals
- Rural Referral Centers
- Sole Community Hospitals



 Offsite facilities and clinics (child sites)
 Must be registered
 Eligibility based on most recently filed Medicare cost report demonstrating:

 Each facility or clinic listed on a line of the cost report that is reimbursable under Medicare
 Services provided have associated outpatient Medicare costs and charges



> Requirements:

- 1. Keep 340B database information accurate and up to date
 - Register outpatient facilities and contract pharmacy
- 2. Recertify eligibility each year
- **3. Prevent duplicate discounts**
 - Cannot obtain discounted price and bill Medicare/ Medicaid
- 4. Prevent diversion to ineligible patients
- 5. Maintain auditable records documenting compliance with 340B requirements



THE PROCESS

MANUFACTURERS

COVERED ENTITIES

CONTRACT PHARMACIES

ELIGIBLE PATIENTS



CONTRACT PHARMACIES

- Covered entities have the option to contract pharmacies to dispense 340B drugs to their patients
 - □ Register each contract pharmacy
 - □ Ensure compliance with 340B requirements to prevent diversion and duplicate discounts
- Covered entities purchase the discounted drugs and maintain ownership at all times



THE PROCESS

MANUFACTURERS

COVERED ENTITIES

CONTRACT PHARMACIES

ELIGIBLE PATIENTS



ELIGIBLE PATIENTS

➢ Requirements:

- 1. Relationship with a covered entity, such that the covered entity maintains record of the individual's health care
- 2. Receive health care services from a provider who is either employed by or under contract with the covered entity
- 3. Receive health care services from a covered entity consistent with the services for which Federal funding has been provided



ELIGIBLE PATIENTS

The intent of the 340B program is to... provide more comprehensive services

➤ An individual is NOT considered eligible if the only health care service received by the covered entity is the dispensing of drugs



CURRENT ISSUES

Are covered entities truly serving a large population of low-income patients?

<u>Example</u>: Duke University Hospital, 2012
 Only 5% of patient population uninsured
 67% of patients had commercial insurance

Use of a disproportionate share percentage to determine eligibility does not accurately reflect the share of provided uncompensated care



CURRENT ISSUES

Are covered entities taking advantage of the program for financial gain?

➢ <u>Example</u>: Duke University Hospital, 2012
 □ Purchased \$65.8 million in drugs through the 340B program, saved \$48.3 million
 □ Provided drugs to patients for \$135.5 million
 → \$69.7 million in profits



CURRENT ISSUES

- Covered entities are not prohibited from providing 340B drugs to individuals with private insurance,
- ➢ By billing 340B drugs to insured patients, covered entities are gaining the difference between what the insurance reimbursed and what they paid
- Reinvest "profit" into providing more services to more underserved patients
- Lack of oversight has raised suspicion as to whether or not profits are truly used in good faith



OMNIBUS GUIDANCE

"Mega-guidance" for the 340B program as an attempt to clarify who is eligible to participate

Draft released August 28, 2015

New patient eligibility requirements, increased from three to six conditions



OMNIBUS GUIDANCE

Patient eligibility

- 1. Receive a health care service at a 340B registered facility
- 2. Service must be provided by a provider who is employed by the covered entity or who is an independent contractor for the covered entity

- Privileges or credentials at a covered entity not sufficient

3. Drug is prescribed by covered entity provider as a result of the service received



OMNIBUS GUIDANCE

> Patient eligibility, cont.

- 4. Health care provided must be consistent with scope of Federal grant, project, designation, or contract
- 5. Drug prescribed pursuant to a health care service that is classified as outpatient
- 6. Patient records must be accessible to the covered entity and demonstrate the covered entity is responsible for care



SUMMARY

- The 340B program has been successful in providing and expanding care for patients in need
- With the new guidance, HRSA provides a clearer definition of patient eligibility for 340B
- However, covered entity eligibility should be addressed to ensure that resources are being provided to the financially disadvantaged population that the program is intended to serve



REFERENCES

- > HRSA: <u>http://www.hrsa.gov/opa/</u>
- Johnson, SR. 340B 'mega-guidance may narrow drug discounts.<u>http://www.modernhealthcare.com/article/20150827/NE</u> WS/150829882/340b-mega-guidance-may-narrow-drug-discounts
- > Medicare Disproportionate Share Hospital:
 - https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-
 - <u>MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/Disproportionate_Share_Hospital.</u> <u>pdf</u>
- La Couture, Brittany. Primer: Understanding 340B Drug Pricing Program. <u>http://americanactionforum.org/research/primer-understanding-the-340b-drug-pricing-program#_ednref24</u>
- 340B Drug Pricing Program Omnibus Guidance <u>https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/2015/08/28/2015-</u> 21246/340b-drug-pricing-program-omnibus-guidance

THANK YOU

